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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/531,061	04/12/2005	Yoshinaru Kono	OHT-0028 2562	
	7590 08/27/200 AAN & GRAUER PLI	EXAMINER		
LION BUILDI	· · ·	LAMB, CODY W		
1233 20TH STREET N.W., SUITE 501 WASHINGTON, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2609	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/27/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

****	n to the light section of the	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/531,061	KONO, YOSHINARU			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Cody W. Lamb	2609			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is used to the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.						
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers		•			
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on <u>04/12/2005</u> is/are: a)					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 7 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by James Luther et al. (US Patent No. 6536956) referred herein as Luther.

Regarding claim 1, Luther teaches a ferrule apparatus with one or more fine holes for an optical fiber to be inserted into (column 3, lines 30-33), and with multiple components being connected in the insertion direction of the optical fiber (abstract).

Regarding claim 2, Luther teaches the limitations of claim 1. Luther also teaches the embodiment where the components are arranged in a substantially straight line (abstract).

Regarding claims 3/1 and 3/2, Luther teaches the limitations of claims 1 and 2.

Luther also teaches an embodiment where one or more of the holes of the ferrule components are expanded in a tapered form on at least one end (abstract and figure 3).

Regarding claim 7, Luther teaches a ferrule apparatus where the ferrule has one or more fine holes for an optical fiber to be inserted into (column 3, lines 30-33), where one or more of the holes are expanded in a tapered form (abstract and figure 3), and

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where there are multiple ferrule components to be connected together in the insertion direction of the optical fiber (abstract).

Regarding claim 11, Luther teaches a ferrule design with one or more fine holes for an optical fiber to be inserted into (column 3, lines 30-33), and with multiple components connected in the insertion direction of the optical fiber (abstract).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 4, 8 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luther in view of Katsuki Suematsu et al. (US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0076168) referred herein as Suematsu.

Regarding claims 4/1 and 4/2, Luther teaches the limitations of claims 1 and 2. However, Luther does not teach an embodiment where the ferrule component has an adhesive filling recess or an injection groove for injecting an adhesive from the outside to the recess. Suematsu teaches a ferrule apparatus that has grooves for injecting an adhesive resin into the recess (paragraphs 3 and 29 and figure 1, items 12a and 12b). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Suematsu for securely adhering the optical fibers in the fiber holes (paragraph 6).

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Regarding claim 8, Luther teaches the limitations of claim 7. However, Luther does not teach an embodiment where the ferrule component has an adhesive filling recess or an injection groove for injecting an adhesive from the outside to the recess. Suematsu teaches a ferrule apparatus that has grooves for injecting an adhesive resin into the recess (paragraphs 3 and 29 and figure 1, items 12a and 12b). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Suematsu for securely adhering the optical fibers in the fiber holes (paragraph 6).

Regarding claim 12, Luther teaches the limitations of claim 11. However, Luther does not teach an embodiment where the ferrule has been manufactured to a width of about 3 mm or smaller along an arranging direction of the perforated fine holes.

Suematsu teaches an embodiment where the width of the ferrule between the two fiber holes is restricted to a range of 1.5 mm to 4 mm (paragraph 5). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Suematsu to facilitate the insertion of guide pings (paragraph 5).

5. Claims 5, 6, 9/7 and 10/7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luther in view of Yukinori Miyake et al. (US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0122634) referred herein as Miyake.

Regarding claims 5/1 and 5/2, Luther teaches the limitations of claims 1 and 2. However, Luther does not teach the ferrule component having an engagement portion

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engaged with a connector housing in which the ferrule is set. Miyake teaches an engagement portion (figure 4, item 12) connecting the ferrule to an outer structure (paragraph 9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Miyake for preventing the ferrule from falling off the front end of the structure (paragraph 9).

Regarding claims 6/1 and 6/2, Luther teaches the limitations of claims 1 and 2. However, Luther does not teach an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia ceramics. Miyake teaches an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia ceramics (paragraph 6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Miyake for creating a cylindrical ferrule that can be coated with an attenuation film (paragraph 6).

Regarding claim 9/7, Luther teaches the limitations of claim 7. However, Luther does not teach the ferrule component having an engagement portion engaged with a connector housing in which the ferrule is set. Miyake teaches an engagement portion (figure 4, item 12) connecting the ferrule to an outer structure (paragraph 9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Miyake for preventing the ferrule from falling off the front end of the structure (paragraph 9).

Regarding claim 10/7, Luther teaches the limitations of claim 7. However, Luther does not teach an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia

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ceramics. Miyake teaches an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia ceramics (paragraph 6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Miyake for creating a cylindrical ferrule that can be coated with an attenuation film (paragraph 6).

6. Claims 9/8 and 10/8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luther and Suematsu as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of Miyake.

Regarding claim 9/8, Luther and Suematsu teach the limitations of claim 8.

However, Luther and Suematsu do not teach the ferrule component having an engagement portion engaged with a connector housing in which the ferrule is set.

Miyake teaches an engagement portion (figure 4, item 12) connecting the ferrule to an outer structure (paragraph 9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Luther and Suematsu with the teaching of Miyake for preventing the ferrule from falling off the front end of the structure (paragraph 9).

Regarding claim 10/8, Luther and Suematsu teach the limitations of claim 8.

However, Luther and Suematsu do not teach an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia ceramics. Miyake teaches an embodiment where the ferrule component contains zirconia ceramics (paragraph 6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

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made to combine the teaching of Luther with the teaching of Miyake for creating a cylindrical ferrule that can be coated with an attenuation film (paragraph 6).

Conclusion

7. Any response to this Office Action should be faxed to (571) 273-8300 or mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cody W. Lamb whose telephone number is 571-270-1797. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8 a.m. - 5 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Benny Tieu can be reached on 571-272-7490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Cody W. Lamb Examiner, Art Unit 2609 August 20, 2007

BENNY Q. TIEN STE/TRAINER